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Copies of this letter were sent to medical officers stationed at Philippine Island ports, with instructions to treat vessels from Amoy in accordance with the requirements contained therein.

PORTO RICO.

Report from Ponce—Transactions of service—Mortality, month of February, 1906.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Ferrer Torres reports, April 26 and May 2, as follows:

Month of April, 1906.

Vessels inspected.....	11
Bills of health issued.....	27
Passengers inspected:	
Incoming.....	161
In transit.....	690
Crew inspected.....	673
Vessels in quarantine.....	4
Passengers detained in quarantine.....	2
Immigrants inspected.....	96
Rejection.....	0
Pieces of baggage disinfected.....	6

Mortality for the month of February, 1906.

Diseases of—	
Digestive system.....	29
Nervous system.....	2
Circulatory system.....	11
Respiratory system.....	7
Malarial fever.....	6
Anæmia.....	14
Cancer.....	2
Nephritis.....	2
Rhachitis.....	2
Accidents.....	4
Tuberculosis.....	21
Tetanus.....	1
Puerperal fever.....	1
Influenza.....	5
Syphilis.....	1
Rheumatism.....	2
Old age.....	1
Enteric fever.....	4
Total.....	115
February, 1905.....	111

FOREIGN AND INSULAR STATISTICAL REPORTS OF COUNTRIES AND CITIES—UNTABULATED.

AFRICA—*Monrovia*.—Month of March, 1906. Estimated population, 5,000. No deaths. Smallpox present.

BAHAMAS—*Dunmore Town*.—Two weeks ended May 4, 1906. Estimated population, 1,232. One death. No contagious diseases.

Governors Harbor.—Week ended May 5, 1906. Estimated population, 1,500. No deaths and no contagious diseases.

Green Turtle Cay.—Two weeks ended May 2, 1906. Estimated population, 3,314. No deaths and no contagious diseases reported.

Nassau.—Two weeks ended May 5, 1906. Estimated population, 12,656. Number of deaths not reported. No contagious diseases reported.

BRITISH GUIANA—*Demerara, Georgetown*.—Four weeks ended March 31, 1906. Estimated population, 36,567. Total number of deaths, 239, including 38 from tuberculosis.

FRANCE.—*St. Etienne*.—Two weeks ended March 31, 1906. Estimated population, 146,836. Total number of deaths, 157, including diphtheria, 4, enteric fever 1, and 22 from tuberculosis.

GERMANY—*Freiburg district and city*.—Three months ended March 31, 1906. Estimated population, 104,951. Total number of deaths, 568, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 2, measles 8, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 12, and 76 from tuberculosis.

GIBRALTAR.—Two weeks ended April 22, 1906. Estimated population, 27,460. Total number of deaths, 23, including enteric fever 1, smallpox 1, and 1 from tuberculosis.

GREAT BRITAIN—*England and Wales*.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended April 21, 1906, correspond to an annual rate of 17.3 per 1,000 of population, which is estimated at 15,818,360.

Bradford.—Two weeks ended April 21, 1906. Estimated population, 288,544. Total number of deaths, 211, including diphtheria 3, enteric fever 4, measles 14, scarlet fever 5, whooping cough 3, and 14 from phthisis pulmonalis.

London.—One thousand seven hundred and forty-two deaths were registered during the week, including measles 85, scarlet fever 19, diphtheria 13, whooping cough 37, enteric fever 2, and 18 from diarrhea. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 19.2 per 1,000. In Greater London 2,304 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 3 from diphtheria, 2 from measles, and 8 from whooping cough.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended April 21, 1906, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 23.3 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,093,959. The lowest rate was recorded in Wexford, viz, 4.7, and the highest in Queenstown, viz, 33 per 1,000. In Dublin and suburbs 215 deaths were registered, including enteric fever 2, measles 3, and 29 from tuberculosis.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended April 21, 1906, correspond to an annual rate of 17.6 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,787,788. The lowest rate of mortality was recorded in Perth, viz, 10.6, and the highest in Greenock, viz, 20.6 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 604, including measles 15, diphtheria 7, enteric fever 4, scarlet fever 1, and 14 from whooping cough.

JAMAICA—*Port Antonio*.—Weeks ended April 7 and 28, 1906. Estimated population not reported. No deaths reported. The health of the port is good.

JAPAN—*Nagasaki*.—Ten days ended April 10, 1906. Estimated population, 159,041. Total number of deaths not reported. One death from diphtheria and 2 deaths from enteric fever reported.

JAVA—*Batavia*.—Two weeks ended March 31, 1906. Estimated population, 160,000. Total number of deaths not reported. No contagious diseases.

MALTA.—Three weeks ended April 14, 1906. Estimated population, 202,134. Total number of deaths, 127, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 1, and 3 from whooping cough.

SPAIN—*Barcelona*.—Ten days ended April 20, 1906. Estimated population, 600,000. Total number of deaths, 315, including diphtheria 3, enteric fever 2, measles 15, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 1, smallpox 7, and 27 from tuberculosis.

SPAIN—*Corunna*.—Month of April, 1906. Estimated population, 50,000. Total number of deaths not reported. Four deaths from diphtheria, 1 death from enteric fever, 1 from whooping cough, and 18 deaths from tuberculosis.

Seville.—Month of March, 1906. Estimated population, 148,315. Total number of deaths, 370, including measles, 1, and 15 from smallpox.

WEST INDIES—*St. Thomas*.—Two weeks ended April 20, 1906. Estimated population, 11,012. Total number of deaths, 22, including 3 from tuberculosis.

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, from December 30, 1905, to May 18, 1906.

[Reports received by the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, from American consuls through the Department of State, and from other sources.]

[For reports received from June 30, 1905, to December 29, 1905, see PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS for December 29, 1905.]

[NOTE.—In accordance with custom, the tables of epidemic diseases are terminated semiannually and new tables begun.]

CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
India:				
Bombay	Dec. 6-Apr. 17		89	
Calcutta	Nov. 12-Apr. 7		1,193	
Madras	Nov. 25-Apr. 6		40	
Rangoon	Dec. 17-Apr. 7		42	
Philippine Islands:				
Provinces	Jan. 1-Apr. 7	1,575	1,225	Total during year 1905: Cases, 258; deaths, 229.
Manila	Dec. 31-Mar. 24	78	63	
Russia:				
General	Dec. 7-17	36	16	
Government of Lomza	Nov. 28-Jan. 14	34	11	
Government of Plock	Dec. 4-29	72	34	
Government of Siedlec	Nov. 20-Dec. 26	29	12	
Government of Warsaw (Warsaw included).	Dec. 12-18	9	5	